CENTER FOR HEALTH INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS

OVERVIEW OF THE MASSACHUSETTS ACUTE HOSPITAL CASE MIX DATABASES

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INTRODUCTION

The mission of the Center for Health Information and Analysis (CHIA) is to be the agency of record for Massachusetts health care information, to responsibly steward sensitive and confidential data, and to objectively report reliable and meaningful information about the quality, affordability, utilization, access, and outcomes of the Massachusetts health care system. In support of this mission, CHIA offers a variety of data and analytic products to support continual improvement in health care quality, affordability, access, and outcomes. The Massachusetts Acute Hospital Case Mix Databases (Case Mix) are critical to this effort, enabling CHIA and its partners and customers to pursue a wide variety of projects, including complex research and analyses that support state agency operations and enhance the ability of payers and providers to deliver care.

This paper provides an overview of the Case Mix databases, as well as how CHIA manages and uses the databases to promote the public interest.

BACKGROUND OF THE MASSACHUSETTS ACUTE HOSPITAL CASE MIX DATABASES

Section 8 of Chapter 12C of the Massachusetts General Laws grants CHIA authority to collect data from Massachusetts hospitals. CHIA, and its predecessor agency the Division of Health Care Finance and Policy, have collected patient-level data from Massachusetts acute care hospitals for more than twenty years. The following three main data types constitute the Case Mix database:

- Hospital Inpatient Discharge Database (HIDD) contains discharge-level inpatient
 diagnostic data which describe the socio-demographic characteristics of the patient, the
 reason for the admission, the treatment and services provided to the patient, the charges,
 and the duration of the patient's stay.
- Outpatient Observations Database (OOD)—consists of discharge-level outpatient
 observation stay data which, like the HIDD, have socio-demographic information, reason
 for the observation, the treatment and services provided, the charges, and the duration
 of stay.
- 3. Emergency Department Database (ED)—contains visit-level data for all emergency department visits. Similar to the HIDD and OOD, each record includes socio-demographic information, medical reason for the visit, the procedures and services provided to the patient, the charges, and the duration of the visit.

Since 1988, state acute hospital Case Mix data—including the databases from Massachusetts—has been aggregated by the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) and released as the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP). Presently, 48 states collect and submit hospital data to AHRQ. Data from HCUP is widely used by researchers and policy analysts.



A key distinguishing feature of Case Mix is the number of years it has been collected in a consistent format. While some data elements have been added over the years, Case Mix can be used to observe longitudinal trends in acute hospital utilization which is useful for cost trends, epidemiological, and health planning studies.

DATA GOVERNANCE

Pursuant to Chapter 12C, CHIA issued Regulation 957 CMR 8.00 to govern the submission of Case Mix and charge data by Massachusetts hospitals. Administrative bulletins and submission guides issued by CHIA further detail data elements that hospitals are required to submit.

CHIA collaborates with hospitals on data definitions and submission standards through periodic Technical Advisory Groups.

DATA SUBMISSION

Regulation 957.8.03(3) outlines data submission requirements for the Case Mix files. Massachusetts acute care hospitals¹ are required to submit data electronically on a quarterly basis to CHIA following data submission specifications. Hospitals are required to report data within 75 days following the close of the reporting period. Each data element in the submission specifications is characterized by its importance to CHIA and Case Mix data users. CHIA assigns an "A" level to data elements that are the most important and a "B" level to less important elements.

Submissions must meet quality standards set by CHIA. CHIA's intake systems electronically check each file prior to acceptance for valid codes, correct formatting, and the presence of required data elements. Hospitals receive an error report that displays invalid discharge information. Generally speaking, if more than 1% of the records in a file have errors², the files are rejected and hospitals must re-submit until the standard is met.

In addition, hospitals may amend their submissions in accordance with 957 CMR 8.04(4). Profile reports are available to the hospitals on a quarterly basis to enable the hospitals to correct and resubmit their data. Hospitals are provided summary reports of their submissions for their review and verification on an annual basis. Their comments are included in an annual documentation manual which accompanies the data made available to applicants under 957 CMR 5.00: Health Care Claims, Case Mix and Charge Data Release Procedures.

¹ Non-acute care hospitals – including inpatient psychiatric/substance hospitals, long-term care facilities, rehabilitation hospitals – do not submit data. Out-of-state hospitals treating MA patients do not report data to CHIA.

² An error in one "A" field or errors in two "B" fields, causes rejection of a discharge record.



DATA ENHANCEMENT

CHIA enhances data submitted by the hospitals to increase its analytic value while maintaining patient privacy. Examples of such enhancements include:

- Encryption of patient social security number into a Unique Health Information Number (UHIN).
 The encrypted UHIN allows for tracking of patients across facilities.
- Application of the following classification Diagnosis Related Grouping (DRG) systems:
 - 3M's All-Patient DRG:
 - 3M's All-Patient Refined DRG—which expands the basis DRG structure to reflect the patient's severity of illness and risk of mortality; and
 - CMS's Medicare DRG.
- Calculation of a field that indicates the chronological order of inpatient admissions for patients (unique UHINs) with multiple stays in a given reporting year (e.g., first admission, second admission). This allows analysts to examine strings of multiple admissions without date of service.
- Calculation of pre-operative days for each procedure.
- Calculation of the number of days between each discharge and each consecutive admission for each UHIN. Again, it allows analysts to examine strings of multiple admissions without dates of service.

CASE MIX COMPARED TO THE ALL-PAYER CLAIMS DATABASE

In addition to patient-level data submitted by hospitals for Case Mix, CHIA collects claim-level data from payers for the Massachusetts All-Payer Claims Database (MA APCD). While the hospital and payer data are complementary, they differ in a few notable ways:

- Hospitals report charges billed to payers in their Case Mix submissions while payers report paid amounts in addition to charges in the MA APCD.
- Race and ethnicity data are collected by hospitals in a standardized methodology and reported to CHIA. While there are Race and Ethnicity data elements in the MA APCD, payers have not been able to consistently submit these data to CHIA.
- Massachusetts hospitals submit information on discharges, emergency department visits, and observation stays, including services paid by Workers Compensation, auto and other non-medical insurance programs, as well as services paid by TriCare and the Federal Employee Benefits of Veterans Affairs. These types of insurers do not presently report to the MA APCD.



DATA RELEASE

In order to realize the highest value of the Hospital Case Mix and Charge Data, CHIA is committed to releasing data extracts to a wide variety of users. Requests to use CHIA data are considered through a multi-layer process that considers risks to patient privacy, research or project objectives, and the public interest interest.

Release is determined by who is requesting the data, their purpose, and the type of data sought. Data elements in the Case Mix and Charge Data are grouped into six levels to facilitate data extraction and release. Non-government users may request one of several Limited Data Sets (LDS).³ The LDS excludes HIPAA-defined direct identifiers and certain quasi-identifiers. All applicants receive the "Core" LDS with options, depending on the purpose for which the data are sought, for date granularity, geographic granularity, and physician ID numbers to applicants. See Appendix A for a complete listing of available data elements. Government Users may request all data elements, including those with direct identifiers.

All applications for the Case Mix data—including those from CHIA analysts and other Massachusetts state agencies—are reviewed by the CHIA Data Privacy Committee. The committee, which is composed of CHIA staff, reviews each application for compliance with state and federal privacy laws, including establishing that the data sought is the minimum amount necessary to achieve a specific public purpose. The Data Privacy Committee is chaired by CHIA's Chief Privacy Officer and staffed by the Chief Information Security Officer and other data specialists.

Certain non-governmental applications, including any applications from researchers and consultants, are further reviewed by the Data Release Committee, a group of experts representing carriers, providers, researchers, and consumers. This Data Release Committee builds on the work of the Data Privacy Committee by considering whether the request is in the public interest as defined by CHIA regulations. These applications are posted to the CHIA website to promote transparency.

The final decision for release is made by the Executive Director based on the recommendations of these committees. Before receiving the data, applicants are required to sign CHIA's Data Use Agreement, which imposes requirements for maintaining data security and protecting patient privacy.

³ Data for FY 2014 and earlier are organized into six levels or groupings. See Appendix B for details



USES OF CASE MIX DATA

Many organizations—both government and non-government—rely on Case Mix data for research, policy development, and evaluation. Here are several examples that demonstrate the breadth of its use:

- The Massachusetts Department of Public Health has used Case Mix data to support a variety of its programmatic and research efforts: The Health and Disability Program identified a cohort of individuals with disabilities to track for hospitalizations over time as part of its mission to promote the health and well-being of people with disabilities in Massachusetts. The Occupational Health Surveillance Program monitors Case Mix files to identify potential cases with work-related health conditions and work-related injuries. The Bureau of Health Statistics links Case Mix data to birth certificate data and health plan data to examine the completeness and quality of responses on data sets as well as to develop performance measures. The Bureau of Family and Community Health identifies maternal morbidities, pregnancy-associated mortalities in their Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Reviews. The Bureau of Substance Abuse Services analyzes treatment needs and gaps in services.
- Massachusetts Health Data Consortium and several analytic firms have developed reporting product that hospitals use for planning and benchmarking. Additionally, all of the academic medical centers in Massachusetts, as well as the surrounding states, request Case Mix data directly for service area planning, benchmarking, and population health management.
- Harvard University Kennedy School of Government studied trends in health care utilization before and after the Massachusetts health reform efforts, and evaluated whether expanded coverage increased demand for medical care and made access to care more difficult.

A complete list of non-government uses is available through CHIA's website: http://www.chiamass.gov/case-mix-applications-received-and-under.



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For further information on CHIA's Case Mix databases, please refer to the following sources:

CHIA website

The Case Mix webpage hosts a wealth of documentation about Case Mix data annual releases. Release documentation provides details at the data element level as well as information about intake edits and standardization.

www.chiamass.gov/case-mix-data

Case Mix Data Submission Guides

Some users also avail themselves of the Data Submission

Guides. While these guides are intended for the providers that submit Case Mix data, they include information useful to users including record specifications, data elements definitions and data record descriptions. www.chiamass.gov/information-for-data-submitters-acute-hospital-case-mix

Effective October 1, 2015, hospitals are required to record diagnosis and procedure codes using the ICD-10-CM codes and ICD-10-PCS codes. Users will require crosswalks to conduct longitudinal analyses.



APPENDIX A

PPENDIX A
DATA AVAILABLE TO NON-GOVERNMENT USERS IN LIMITED DATA SETS
Admission Day of Week
Admission Source Code 1, 2
Admission Type
Patient Age
Birth weight in grams
Condition Present 1-15
Condition Present ECode
Days Between Stays
Diagnosis Code1-15*
Discharge Date
Discharge Day Of Week
Discharge Passed
DNR Status (Do Not Resuscitate Status)
Ecode (External Cause of Injury Code)
ED Flag Code (Emergency Department Flag)
Ethnicity 1, 2
Hispanic Indicator
Homeless Indicator
IdOrgFiler (Identifies filer organization)
IdOrgHosp (Identifies the main hospital organization)
IdOrgSite (Identifies the clinical site of care)
IdOrgTransfer (Identifies transfer organization)
Leave Of Absence Days
Length of Stay
New Born Age
Number of ANDs (Administratively Necessary Days)
Number of Diagnosis Codes
Number of Procedure Codes
Other Care Giver Code
Outpatient Observation Stay Flag Code
Patient Sex

^{*} Note: Diagnosis and Procedure codes are unlimited from FY 2015



DATA AVAILABLE TO NON-GOVERNMENT USERS IN LIMITED DATA SETS (Continued)
Patient Status
Patient State of Residence (MA and boarder states only)
Patient ZIP (3 digit MA only)
Payer Code 1, 2
Preoperative Days 1-3
Primary Payer Type
Procedure Code 1-15*
Race 1 and 2
Record Type 201D
Secondary Payer Type
Patient Sex
Special Condition Indicator
Submission Control ID
Submission Passed Flag
Total Charges All
Total Charges Ancillaries
Total Charges Routine
Total Charges Special

Applicants can also request the following: Zip Code -MA only: 5 digits, Dates of Service either Month and Day or Month Only, MA Municipality Name, Physician ID numbers, Unique Health Information Number (encrypted patient ID).

^{*} Note: Diagnosis and Procedure codes are unlimited from FY 2015



APPENDIX B

HOSPITAL INPATIENT DATA AND LEVELS										
Data Element	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6				
Admission Date	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
Admission Day of Week	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Admission Month	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Admission Source Code 1, 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Admission Type	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Patient Age	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Birth weight in grams	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Condition Present 1-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Condition Present ECode	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Days Between Stays	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Diagnosis Code1-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Discharge Date	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes				
Discharge Day Of Week	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Discharge ID	No	No	No	No	No	No				
Discharge Month	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Discharge Passed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
DNR Status (Do Not Resuscitate Status)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
DOB (Date of Birth)	No	No	No	No	No	Yes				
Ecode (External Cause of Injury Code)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
ED Flag Code (Emergency Department Flag)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Employer Zip Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Encrypted Attending Physician Number	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Encrypted Operating PhysicianP 1-14	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Ethnicity 1, 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Hispanic Indicator	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Homeless Indicator	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Hospital Bill Number	No	No	No	No	No	Yes				
IdOrgFiler (Identifies filer organization)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
IdOrgHosp (Identifies the main hospital organization)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
IdOrgSite (Identifies the clinical site of care)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
IdOrgTransfer (Identifies transfer organization)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Leave Of Absence Days	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Length of Stay	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
Medical Record Number	No	No	No	No	No	Yes				
Mother's Medical Record Number	No	No	No	No	No	Yes				
Mother's SSN (encrypted)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				
New Born Age	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				



HOSPITAL INPATIENT DATA AND LEVELS (Continued)									
Data Element	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5	Level 6			
Number of ANDs (Administratively Necessary Days)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Number of Diagnosis Codes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Number of Procedure Codes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Other Care Giver Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Other Ethnicity Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Other Race	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Outpatient Observation Stay Flag Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Patient Status	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Payer Code 1, 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Period Ending Date	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Period Starting Date	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Permanent Street Address	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Permanent Patient City	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Permanent Patient Country	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Permanent Patient State	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Permanent Patient ZIP Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Preoperative Days 1-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Primary Payer Type	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Procedure Code 1-15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Procedure Code Date 1-15	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes			
Race 1 and 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Record Type 201D	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Secondary Payer Type	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Patient Sex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Special Condition Indicator	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Submission Control ID	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Submission Passed Flag	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Temporary Patient Address	No	No	No	No	No	No			
Temporary Patient City	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Temporary Patient State	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Temporary Patient Zip Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Total Charges All	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Total Charges Ancillaries	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Total Charges Routine	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Total Charges Special	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
UHIN (Unique Health Information Number)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
UHIN Sequence No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			
Veterans Status	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			



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